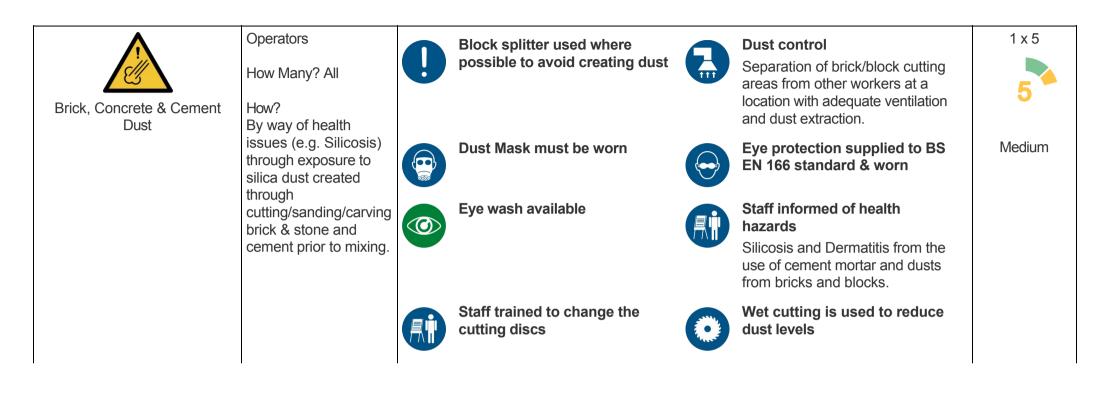
dware	Risk assessment name	General Brick and Block Laying	Assessment type	General
	Assessor name	Simon Harris	Affected site(s)	Signature Homes Ltd (CR5 2RA)
	Assessment date	20/02/2020	Review period	Annually
	Approved by		Review date	19/02/2021
	Approved date		Reference	BUILDING - 001

Description

homehard

This Risk Assessment is to assess the risks with general building work for brick and block work

Hazard Who could be harmed and how? Exis	sting controls	Risk rating (L x S)
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Hazard	Who could be harmed and how?	Existing controls		
Cement/Mortar	Operators How Many? All How? By way of bodily injury	COSHH assessments communicated COSSH assessments have been communicated to relevant employees	1 x 5	
	(e.g. burns) and health issues (e.g. Dermatitis) from the contact/over exposure to mortar and concrete substances.	Good hygiene practices to be utilised at all times Hygiene procedures Adequate washing facilities, and if considered necessary, showers with dirty and clean changing areas, are provided.	Medium	
		Staff informed of health hazards Staff informed of health hazards Staff informed of health hazards (Silicosis and Dermatitis) from use of cement mortar and dusts from brick and blocks Suitable gloves (e.g. nitrile, PVC etc.) should be worn when handling mortar.		
	All staff How Many? All	All staff are trained in good housekeeping techniques Eye protection supplied to BS EN 166 standard	1 x 5	
Flying Debris	How? By way of eye injury from being struck by cuttings and debris ejected by the work activity.	Good Housekeeping Observed Good Housekeeping Observed	5 Medium	

Hazard	Who could be harmed and how?	Existin	ig controls		Risk rating (L x S)
Manual handling	Operators How Many? All How?		A Manual Handling Assessment has been carried out	Individuals have received information, instruction, supervision and training in manual handling techniques	1 x 5
Wandarhanding	By way of bodily injury (e.g. back, foot injuries etc.) due to inadvertent lifting of loads.	3	Lifting equipment used Use mechanical means to handle large, heavy and awkward loads (e.g. blocks & bricks).	Workplace is kept tidy and walkways free from trip hazards	Medium
Noise Danger of exposure to excessive levels of noise from work equipment used.	Operators How Many? All How? By way of hearing damage, tinnitus etc. due to the exposure to excessive levels of noise over prolonged periods of time.		Hearing Protection Must Be Worn in Designated Areas Designated areas include cutting & mixing work equipment.		1 x 5 5 Medium
People Movement Around The Working Areas	Operators How Many? All How? By way of bodily injury due to risks associated with poor housekeeping (e.g.		All staff are trained in good housekeeping techniques Protective footwear worn with toecap & mid-sole protection	Daily housekeeping inspections are carried out Workplace is kept tidy and walkways free from trip hazards	1 x 5 5 Medium

Hazard	Who could be harmed and how?	Existing controls		
Vehicle Movement	Operators How Many? All How? By way of serious bodily injury/fatality by coming into contact with moving vehicles and plant.	 Barriers in Use Barriers in Use Traffic management Safe site entry and exit points with adequate turning room and good visibility provided 	1 x 5 5 Medium	
Vibration & Vibrating Tools	Operators How Many? All How? By the way of health issues (e.g. white finger) due to exposure to excessive vibration.	 Selection and use of low vibration tools Vibration Assessment Undertaken ldentify vibration magnitude from manufacturers data and calculate exposure using Hand-Arm Vibration Calculator. Vibration Assessment Undertaken ldentify vibration magnitude from manufacturers data and calculate exposure using Hand-Arm Vibration Calculator. 	1 x 5 5 Medium	

Hazard	Who could be harmed and how?	Existing controls	Risk rating (L x S)
	Operators How Many? All	All guards & warnings in place All staff trained in the safe working practices for using cement/concrete mixers	1 x 5
Work Equipment - Cement Mixer	How? By way of bodily injury such as crush injuries if the mixer topples or entanglement in the moving parts.	Ensure cement/concrete mixers are regularly tested and inspected Only trained operators allowed to use the machines	Medium

Hazard	Who could be harmed and how?	Existi	ng controls			Risk rating (L x S)
Working at Height - Scaffold	Operators How Many? All How? By way of serious		Access Scaffolding Provided Access Scaffolding Provided		Competent people to inspect scaffolding Scaffolding inspections will be carried out only by those trained and competent to do so	1 x 5
	bodily injury/fatality due to falls from height, collapse of scaffold, falling objects		Daily housekeeping inspections are carried out		Good Housekeeping Observed Good Housekeeping Observed	Medium
	etc.		Hard hats are worn	X	Overloading of tower scaffold with personnel and materials is not permitted	
			Provision of Written Method Statement	0	Scaffold to be placed on firm and level ground The Principal Contractor to ensure that the ground is suitable to carry the weight of the scaffold.	
			Scaffolding inspected on handover to or from other contractors		Scaffolding Regularly Inspected Scaffolding Regularly Inspected	

Further control measures

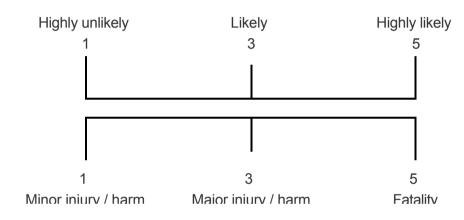
None required

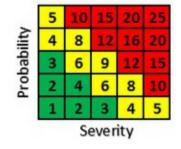
Operating procedures

HSE download CIS 36

Risk rating explanation

Risk ratings are calculated by considering the likelihood of an event occurring along with the severity of the potential consequence should an accident occur. After considering existing control measures, values are assigned to the likelihood and severity from the scales below and these figures multiplied to established the risk rating.





What do your risk ratings mean?

- Risk is categorised as LOW: Look to reduce risk if practicable
- Risk has been categorised as MEDIUM: Begin to plan your action to reduce the risk immediately
- Risk has been categorised as HIGH: Immediate action required to reduce the risk

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Assessor's signature: Simon Harris
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Approved by signature: